1) Define vapor pressure.

Refer to TABLE H

- 2) What is the relationship between the <u>rate of evaporation</u> and the <u>vapor</u> <u>pressure</u> of a liquid?
- 3) At the same temperature, which of the following liquids evaporates the <u>fastest</u>?

a) propanone b) ethanol c) water d) ethanoic acid

- 4) At the same temperature, which of the following liquids has the <u>lowest</u> vapor pressure?
 a) propanone b) ethanol c) water d) ethanoic acid
- 5) What is the relationship between the temperature of a liquid and its <u>vapor</u> <u>pressure</u>?
- 6) Which of the following has the highest vapor pressure?
 - a) 5 ml H₂O at 50°C
 - b) 20 ml H₂O at 30°C
 - c) 35 ml H_2^{-} O at 10°C
- 7) What is the vapor pressure of water at 50 °C?
- 8) At what temperature will water have a vapor pressure of 180 kPa?
- 9) In terms of pressure, when does a liquid boil?
- 10) What is meant by the "normal" boiling point?