4)	****		. 03+							
1)	A)	nat is the total number of electrons 24	rons in a Cr ³⁺ i B) 27	on?	C)	21	D)	18		
			,							
2)	In c	comparison to an atom of $\frac{19}{9}$ F	in the ground	l state, an atom of	12 C	in the ground state has				
		three more valence electrons			C)	three more neutrons				
	B)	three fewer neutrons			D)	three fewer valence electron	S			
3)	Which symbols represent atoms that are isotopes of each other?									
	A)	14C and 14N	B) 222Rn an	d ²²² Ra	C)	131 _{I and} 131 _I	D)	16 _{O and} 18 _O		
4)	Wh	nen the electrons of an excited	atom return to	a lower energy sta	ate, th	e energy emitted can result in	the	production of		
	A)	protons	B) alpha par	ticles	C)	isotopes	D)	spectra		
5)	Wh	nat is the total number of proto	ons in the nucle	eus of an atom of p	otass	ium-42?				
	A)	7	B) 39			19	D)	15		
6)	A) B) C)	An atom is mainly empty spa An atom has hardly any emp An atom has hardly any emp An atom has hardly any emp An atom is mainly empty spa	ace, and the nu oty space, and to oty space, and t	cleus has a negati he nucleus has a r he nucleus has a r	ve cha negati positiv	arge. ve charge. ve charge.				
_										
7)		atoms of a given element mus protons	t contain the sa	ame number of	C)	neutrons				
	B)	electrons plus neutrons			,	protons plus neutrons				
8)	Wh	nich nucleus is from an isotope	e of an atom wi		$\binom{n}{p}$?					
	A)	(8n)	B) (6n)		C)	(6n)	D)	$\begin{pmatrix} 4n \\ 9n \end{pmatrix}$		
		ОР	Op			ОР		ОР		
9)	During a flame test, ions of a specific metal are heated in the flame of a gas burner. A characteristic color of light is emitted by these ions in the flame when the electrons									
	A) B)	emit energy as they move to gain energy as they return to			C) D)	emit energy as they return to gain energy as they move to				
	ינט	gain onorgy as they return to	nower energy	IC 4 O13	יט	gam energy as they have to	, mgi	ioi chorgy levels		
10)	The atomic mass of an element is the weighted average of the masses of									
	0.22	all of its radioactive isotopes its two least abundant isotop			C)	its two most abundant is oto	70	mac		
	B)	ns two least abulidant isoto	563		D)	all of its naturally occurring	12010	pes		

Name:

11)	What is the mass number of the nuclear symbol ${}^{19}_{0}$ F?											
	A) 28	B) 9	C)	10	D) 19							
12)	The atomic number of an	atom is always equal to the number	ofits									
	A) protons plus neutro: B) protons, only	ns	C) D)	protons plus electrons neutrons, only								
13)	What is the mass number of an atom that contains 19 protons, 19 electrons, and 20 neutrons?											
	A) 20	B) 58	C)	39	D) 19							
14)	Compared to a proton, ar	electron has										
	A) a greater quantity of	charge and the same sign charge and the opposite sign	C) D)	a greater quantity of ch the same quantity of ch		_						
15)	An atom of carbon-12 an	d an atom of carbon-14 differ in										
	A) number of electronsB) mass number		C) D)	nuclear charge atomic number								
16)	The modern model of the	atomshows that electrons are										
10)	A) found in regions call		C) D)	orbiting the nucleus in fixed paths combined with neutrons in the nucleus								
17)	What is the total number	of electrons in the valence shell of a	n atom of	aluminum in the ground s	state?							
	A) 8	B) 2	C)		D) 10							
18)	Element X has two isotop an isotopic mass of 87.0 a	es. If 72.0% of the element has an istomic mass units, the average atomi	otopic mas	as of 84.9 atomic mass un element X is numerically of	its, and 28.0% of the ele equal to	ement ha						
	A) (72.0 - 84.9) × (28.0 +		C)	$(72.0 + 84.9) \times (28.0 + 87)$	7.0)							
	B) $\frac{(72.0 \times 84.9)}{100} + \frac{(28.0 \times 84.9)}{100}$)	D)	$(72.0 \times 84.9) + (28.0 \times 87)$	7.0)							
19)		t diagram represents a boron atom in			•							
	A) •B	B) :B	C)	:B*	D) :B.							
20)		tion represents the electrons of an a	tom in an	excited state?								
	A) 2-8-1	B) 2-8-17-6	C)	2-8-18-5	D) 2-8-6							